
HL Paper 3

a. Using examples, explain the relationship between transport innovation and reduced friction of distance. [10]

b. "Every country will eventually lose its distinctive national identity as a result of global interactions." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Using examples, analyse how economic and political factors affect global migration flows. [10]

b. "The interdependence of countries has been greatly exaggerated." Using examples, discuss this statement. [15]

a. Using examples, distinguish between cultural imperialism and cultural diffusion. [10]

b. Examine the range of responses to the loss of national sovereignty that globalization can bring. [15]

a. Explain how **one** multi-governmental organization has led to a loss of sovereignty. [10]

b. Discuss the interrelationships between global interactions and changes in technology. [15]

a. Analyse the causes **and** environmental consequences of the international relocation of polluting industries. [10]

b. "Barriers to globalization are no longer falling but are rising instead." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Explain how global interactions can foster environmental awareness. [10]

b. "International interactions always result in the homogenization of culture." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Using examples, explain the factors responsible for the global spread of consumer culture. [10]

b. "National governments cannot control global interactions." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Analyse the spatial and temporal pattern of adoption of **one or more** branded commodities. [10]

b. "Global interactions have helped reduce disparities between places." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Using located examples, analyse the importance of outsourcing for transnational corporations (TNCs). [10]

b. "International migration is the main reason for the loss of distinctive local cultures." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Explain why the landscapes of major world cities are becoming increasingly similar. [10]

b. "Global interactions are putting all the world's wealth into the hands of a small number of people and countries." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Analyse the relationship between globalization and the resurgence of nationalism in **one** country you have studied. [10]

b. "Global interactions have made the world a richer place but not a fairer place." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Analyse the increasing influence of **one** multi-governmental organization you have studied. [10]

b. "Global interactions bring negative effects, rather than positive effects, to every part of the world." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Using examples, distinguish between transboundary pollution and transnational waste movement. [10]

b. "Due to global interactions, there is no longer a global periphery." Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Using examples, analyse how global financial flows can be affected by the actions of governments. [10]

b. Discuss why anti-globalization movements/groups are found in most countries. [15]

a. Using examples, analyse the concept of “loss of sovereignty”. [10]

b. Examine how economic, technological and political factors may all influence the growth of global diaspora populations. [15]

a. Explain how agro-industrialization contributes to environmental degradation. [10]

b. “Cultural diffusion is a process that takes place in many ways but can be halted by many barriers.” Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Using examples, explain how financial flows transfer wealth between places. [10]

b. “Glocalization is the most important reason why some transnational corporations (TNCs) have grown in size and influence over time.” Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Analyse the strengths **and** weaknesses of **one named** globalization index. [10]

b. “Individuals, national governments and international organizations are increasingly resistant to global interactions.” Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Explain how rising global demand for **one** raw material has led to environmental degradation. [10]

b. “The barriers to global interactions are increasing, not decreasing.” Discuss this statement. [15]

a. Analyse how the growth of multi-governmental organizations (MGOs) can impact on the political borders of member states. [10]

b. Contrast the impact of global interactions on the quality of life of different groups of people. [15]

a. Explain the causes and effects of **one** major international labour flow.

[10]

b. "The growth of globalization owes more to politics than it does to technology." Discuss this statement.

[15]
